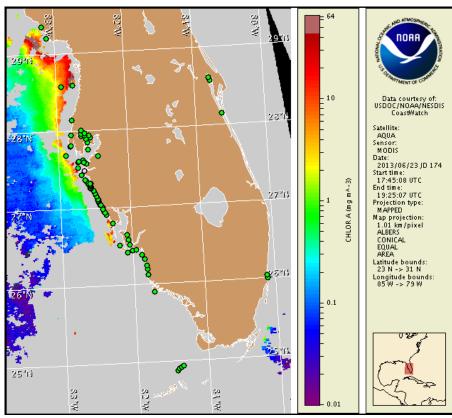


Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Region: Southwest Florida Monday, 24 June 2013 NOAA National Ocean Service NOAA Satellite and Information Service NOAA National Weather Service Last bulletin: Monday, June 17, 2013



Satellite chlorophyll image with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s), when applicable. Points represent cell concentration sampling data from June 14 to 21: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Detailed sample information can be obtained through FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute at: http://myfwc.com/redtidestatus

To see previous bulletins and forecasts for other Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin regions, visit at: http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins.html

Conditions Report

Karenia brevis (commonly known as Florida red tide) ranges from not present to background concentrations along the coast of southwest Florida, including the Florida Keys. No respiratory irritation is expected Monday, June 24 through Monday, July 1. Check http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach conditions.html for recent, local observations.

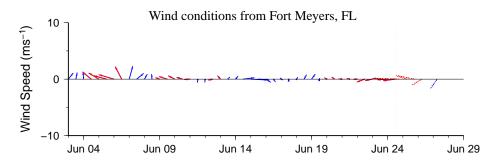
Analysis

One background concentration of *Karenia brevis* was identified from a sample collected in Palma Sola Bay in southern Manatee County last week (FWRI; 6/18). All other samples collected along- and offshore southwest Florida, from Pinellas to Monroe County, including the Florida Keys, indicate that no *K. brevis* is present (FWRI, MML, SCHD, CCPCPD; 6/14-19). No dead fish or respiratory irritation associated with *K. brevis* have been reported in the past week (FWRI, MML; 6/14-23).

Over the past few days, MODIS Aqua imagery has been obscured by clouds alongshore southwest Florida, preventing analysis. In MODIS Aqua imagery from June 19 (not shown), patches of elevated to very high chlorophyll (2 to >10 μ g/L) visible along- and offshore Lee and Collier counties are likely the result of mixed non-harmful algal blooms that continue to be reported in many southwest Florida counties.

Harmful algal bloom formation alongshore southwest Florida is not expected today through Monday, July 1.

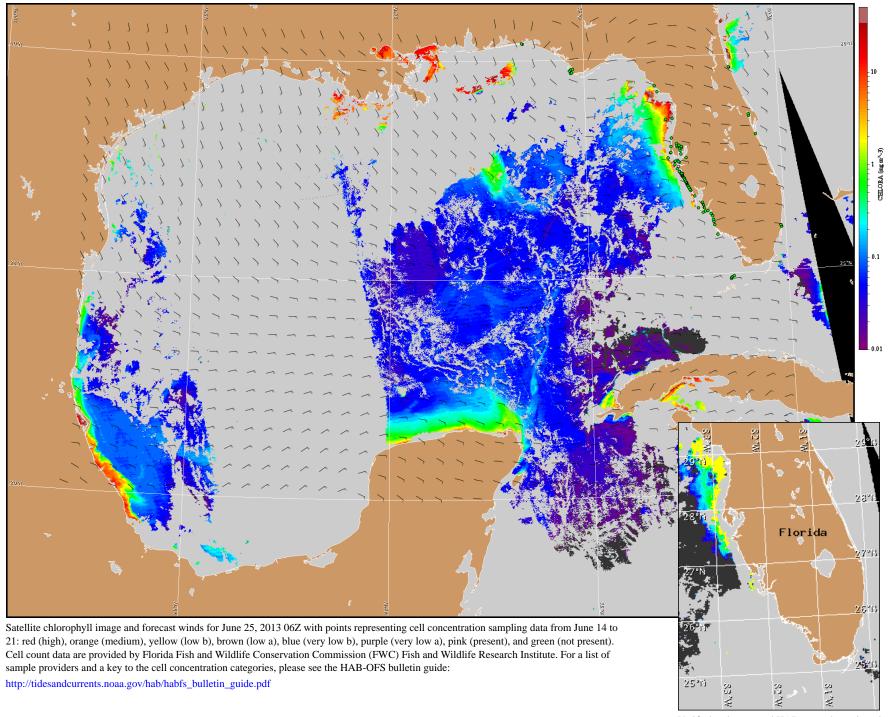
Davis, Derner



Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS).

Wind Analysis

Southwest Florida: Southeast winds (10 kn, 5 m/s) today becoming west winds in the afternoon. Northwest winds (5-10 kn, 3-5 m/s) tonight. Southeast winds (10 kn) Tuesday becoming west winds in the afternoon. North winds (10 kn) Tuesday night becoming east after midnight. Variable south winds (5-10 kn) Wednesday through Friday.



Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).